RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE
May injure (phytotoxic) susceptible non-target plants.
For retail sale to and use only by certified applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator’s certification. Commercial and certified applicators must ensure that all persons involved in these activities are informed of the precautionary statements.

FIFRA Section 24(c) Special Local Need Label

FOR DISTRIBUTION AND USE ONLY WITHIN KANSAS

For Fall or Spring Applications to Control Kochia and Russian Thistle in Fallow or Eco-Fallow Fields

Scoparia Herbicide

EPA Reg. No. 264-600
SLN. No. KS-140003

THIS LABEL IS VALID UNTIL DECEMBER 31, 2019 UNLESS OTHERWISE AMENDED, WITHDRAWN, CANCELED, OR SUSPENDED.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE
It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. This label must be in the possession of the user at the time of pesticide application. Follow all applicable directions, restrictions, Worker Protection Standard requirements, and precautions on the EPA registered label.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product</th>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>Crop</th>
<th>Weeds</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Scoparia Herbicide</td>
<td>1.5-2.5 oz/acre</td>
<td>Fallow, Eco-Fallow</td>
<td>For enhanced control of kochia and Russian thistle</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Apply Scoparia Herbicide in the fall or spring to stubble of harvested crops or fallow/eco-fallow fields for control of weeds prior to emergence in no-till or conservation tillage systems.
- Application in the Fall is limited to areas of the state west of the North/South Interstates I-35, I-135 and Highway 81. Spring application is permitted in all areas of the state.
- Do not apply to frozen soils.
- Apply as a broadcast spray with ground equipment using a minimum of 10 gallons of spray mixture per acre.
- Scoparia Herbicide should be tank mixed with additional herbicides labeled for use in fallow or eco-fallow applications in order to achieve improved residual weed control. Recommended tank mix partners include Autumn Super 51 WDG™ Herbicide (0.5 oz/a), atrazine (0.5-1.0 lb. ai/acre) or metribuzin (0.19-0.375 lb. ai/acre)
- For enhanced burndown of emerged broadleaf or grasses weeds, tank mix the Scoparia Herbicide + Autumn Super 51 WDG Herbicide, atrazine or metribuzin mixture with a labelled burndown herbicide such as dicamba, 2,4-D, Gramoxone® or glyphosate (Note: glyphosate will not add additional control of glyphosate-resistant weeds). Always include an appropriate adjuvant (COC, MSO, HSOC) and nitrogen source (UAN,AMS) for enhanced burndown activity.
- Follow all label directions, rotational crop guidelines and use restrictions/precautions for Scoparia Herbicide and any tank-mix partners and use the most restrictive guidelines.

11/10/2014
SCOPARIA HERBICIDE USE RESTRICTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS

If the water table is less than 25 feet below ground surface, do not apply to the vulnerable loamy sand or sand soils listed below. If the water table is unknown, do not apply Scoparia Herbicide to a restricted soil. If a field contains several soil types, one of which is a vulnerable soil listed below, and the water table is less than 25 feet, donot apply Scoparia Herbicide.

- Aline
- Bankard
- Dillwyn
- Dix
- Dwyer
- Els
- Elsmere
- Goodnight
- Gracemore
- Haxtun
- Inavale
- Kanza
- Las Animas
- Likes
- Lincoln
- Pratt
- Sarpy
- Schamber
- Simeon
- Thurman
- Tivoli
- Valent
- Valentine

ROTATIONAL CROP RESTRICTIONS

Rotational crops vary in their response to low concentrations of Scoparia Herbicide remaining in the soil. The amount of Scoparia Herbicide that may be present in the soil depends on soil moisture, soil temperature, application rate, elapsed time since application and other environmental factors. When Scoparia Herbicide is used in combination with other products, always follow the most restrictive rotational crop requirements. The following rotational crops may be planted after applying Scoparia Herbicide:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rotational Interval</th>
<th>Crop</th>
<th>Geography</th>
<th>Minimum precipitation requirement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4 Months</td>
<td>Field corn, Wheat, Triticale</td>
<td>All</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 Months</td>
<td>Soybeans, Barley, Sweet corn, Popcorn, Potato, Grain sorghum, Oats, Rye, and Sunflower</td>
<td>All</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 Months</td>
<td>Alfalfa, Cotton, Rice</td>
<td>All</td>
<td>15 inches of cumulative precipitation from application to planting of rotational crop*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11 Months</td>
<td>Peanut</td>
<td>All</td>
<td>15 inches of cumulative precipitation from application to planting of rotational crop*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12 Months</td>
<td>Carrots</td>
<td>All</td>
<td>15 inches of cumulative precipitation from application to planting of rotational crop*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18 Months</td>
<td>Dry Beans, Sugar beets</td>
<td>West of Mississippi River</td>
<td>15 inches of cumulative precipitation from application to planting of rotational crop*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18 Months</td>
<td>All other crops</td>
<td>All</td>
<td>15 inches of cumulative precipitation from application to planting of rotational crop*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Furrow or Flood irrigation not to be included in total. No more than 7 inches of overhead irrigation included in total.

1 The amount of cumulative precipitation required before planting a rotational crop is in addition to the required rotational interval given in months.
Location of soil types listed on Page 2 in the eleven counties overlying the Great Bend Prairie and the Equus Beds Aquifers, are shown in the map below. Before using Scoparia Herbicide in the shaded areas or surrounding counties with restricted soil types, identify the soil series of the treated field. Identification may be done by consulting the NRCS website (http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov/app/WebSoilSurvey.aspx), a copy of your county soil survey, or visit or contact your local NRCS office or local extension agent. Use is only restricted on the named soils if the water table is less than 25 feet below the ground surface.