

Kansas Conservation Districts

"Annual Audit"

Module X

1

WHAT YOU WILL LEARN IN THIS MODULE

What is an audit?

Why have an audit?

Kansas conservation district audit requirements

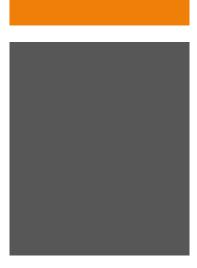
Ensuring a successful audit

WHAT IS AN AUDIT?

- An external audit is an examination of the financial records and supporting documents by an independent third party which results in the publication summarizing the findings.
- The examination consists of procedures and tests to gain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence to verify the fairness (accuracy) of financial statements and other information.

WHY HAVE AN AUDIT?

- It is required by law. Audit requirements of conservation districts are governed by two Kansas statutes.
- The conservation district board is accountable for safeguarding the district's financial resources, and the audit is a fundamental part of this responsibility of handling public funds.



WHY HAVE AN AUDIT? (CONTINUED)

- Audits assist with:
 - Assuring records and information are accurate and complete
 - Detecting and preventing errors or mistakes
 - Detecting and preventing intentional misstatement or omission of significant information
 - Ensuring proper accounting procedures have been followed
 - Ensuring funds have been managed according to applicable federal & state laws



KANSAS CONSERVATION DISTRICT AUDIT

- Two state statutes pertain to conservation district audits:
 - An annual audit of conservation district accounts, receipts and disbursements is required by K.S.A. 2-1901 et seq. (Conservation District Law)
 - Conservation districts having an annual combined receipts totaling in excess of \$275,000 are subject to K.S.A. 75-1117 et seq. (Municipal Audit Statutes)

- Both state statutes require:
 - An annual audit performed by a Certified Public Accountant (CPA) licensed to practice in Kansas
 - The amount charged for audits varies widely so check with other districts and take bids
 - Ask auditors if their audits include coming to the district board meeting to present their findings
 - Districts should develop a working relationship with the auditor

- The Guidelines For Audits of Conservation Districts in the Kansas Municipal Audit Guide (KMAG) should be followed by the CPA.
- The audit with recommendations, if any, and the Division of Conservation (DOC) Notification of Conservation District Audit Review, are submitted to the DOC within one year after the end of the audit period, Jan. 1.

- To satisfy the statutory audit requirement in the Conservation District Law, the district must annually have <u>either</u>:
 - A Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS) Audit
 - Standards for auditors set by their professional organization
 - An Agreed-Upon Procedures
 - Customized specifically for Kansas conservation districts, however, is not considered a "true" audit

	GAAS Audit	Agreed-Upon Procedures
Amount of Work Involved	More Extensive	Less Extensive
Type of Report	Opinion on Financial Statements	Findings Resulting from Performance of Agreed- Upon Procedures
Assurance Provided on Accuracy of Financial Statements	More	Les

- Conservation districts having annual gross receipts in excess of \$275,000, must follow the Municipal Audit Statutes:
 - Must utilize procedures conforming to Generally Accepted Accounting Principals (GAAP) unless granted a waiver by the Director of Accounts and Reports.
 - Prior to requesting the waiver, the conservation district board must pass an annual resolution to waive the GAAP. Submit minutes with request.

- Submit a copy of the audit report with recommendations, if any, along with the filing fee of \$150 to the Director of Accounts and Reports within one year after the end of the audit period.
- Visit the Municipal Services website for more information on fees at http://www.da.ks.gov/ar/muniserv/Fee
 Schedule.htm and for GAAP waiver
 procedures,
 http://www.da.ks.gov/ar/muniserv/Gaa
 pWaiverProcedures.htm

- Conservation districts with annual receipts totaling less than \$275,000 are subject to an additional provision (K.S.A. 1125) in the Municipal Audit Statute.
 - Electorate petitioning an audit: 20% or more
 of those who voted in the last election of
 supervisors may file a written petition with
 the conservation district board requesting a
 GAAS audit, specifying a period of time.

ENSURING A SUCCESSFUL AUDIT

- The district board should make special effort to have a complete set of accounting records and supporting information available to the auditor.
 - The district board members are responsible for financial management and records.
 - District board members have to be involved in the district's financial records and ensure that funds are expended properly and that good records are maintained.

REVIEW QUESTION

1. The audit is the annual summary of the district's activities?

True or False?

REVIEW ANSWER

1. The audit is the annual summary of the district's activities?

False. It is an examination of the financial statements which results in the publication summarizing the findings.

REVIEW QUESTION

- 2. Audits assist with:
 - a) Assuring records and information are accurate and complete
 - b) Detecting and preventing errors or mistakes
 - c) Ensuring funds have been managed according to the applicable federal and state laws
 - d) All of the above

REVIEW ANSWER

- 2. Audits assist with:
 - a) Assuring records and information are accurate and complete
 - b) Detecting and preventing errors or mistakes
 - c) Ensuring funds have been managed according to the applicable federal and state laws
 - d) All of the above

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REVIEW QUESTION

3. A certified bookkeeper may perform the audit.

True or False?

REVIEW ANSWER

3. A certified bookeeper may perform the audit.

False. The audit must be performed by a Certified Public Accountant (CPA), licensed to practice in Kansas.

REVIEW QUESTION

 The audit and Notification of Conservation District Audit Review are to be uploaded into CSIMS within one year after the end of the audit period (January 1).

True or False?

REVIEW ANSWER

 The audit and Notification of Conservation District Audit Review are to be uploaded into CSIMS within one year after the end of the audit period (January 1).

True

SUMMARY

Annual audits performed by a CPA are required of every conservation district as they are entrusted with public funds.

The conservation district board is responsible for complete and accurate financial records and supporting information.

The auditor will not review every transaction but will test a sample of the various transactions.

Conservation districts having annual receipts totaling less than \$275,000, may choose to have either a GAAS Audit or Agreed-Upon Procedures.

Those districts having annual receipts in excess of \$275,000 must follow Municipal Audit Statutes.

RESOURCES AVAILABLE & WHERE TO FIND THEM

Conservation District Handbook, Chapter 5

Location:

Conservation district office & CSIMS Kansas Conservation District Supervisors Handbook, Chapter 3

Location:

Each district supervisor should have a copy & CSIMS DOC Staff 785-564-6620