



Hamilton County, Kansas

2023 ECONOMIC CONTRIBUTION REPORT
NOVEMBER 15, 2023

Overview

The Kansas Department of Agriculture’s Economist creates annual economic contribution reports to estimate the impact of agriculture on the Kansas economy. The purpose of these reports is to provide information to stakeholders, policymakers, and the general public. In this report, the model analyzes the effects of agriculture on the Hamilton County, Kansas, economy. For the estimated current year (2023), 15 agriculture and agriculture-related sectors directly contribute \$470 million in output and 741 jobs to the Hamilton County economy. Including indirect and induced effects, agriculture and agriculture-related sectors have a total impact of \$538 million in output, 1,062 jobs and 69% of the total Gross Regional Product (GRP).

Estimated Economic Contribution of Agriculture.

Methodology and Glossary on final page

Results

In this model, the 15 agriculture and agriculture-related sectors have a total direct output of \$470 million and account for 741 jobs in Hamilton County, as shown in the following table:

Table 1: Agriculture and Agriculture-Related Sectors’ Contribution to Hamilton County Economy

Contribution Type	Employment	% Employment	Total Value Added	% of Gross Regional Product	Output
Direct Effect	741	42%	\$91,806,000	52%	\$470,581,000
Indirect Effect	225	13%	\$22,893,000	13%	\$51,049,000
Induced Effect	96	5%	\$9,071,000	5%	\$16,783,000
Total Effect	1,062	60%	\$123,771,000	69%	\$538,415,000

Note: Individual effects may not equal the total effect due to rounding.

The agriculture and agriculture-related sectors provide a total estimated impact of \$538 million in output. These sectors also support a total of 1,062 jobs, or 60% of the county’s entire workforce. Another metric used to calculate the importance of sectors in the economy is their value added as a percentage of the Gross Regional Product. Total value added by the 15 agriculture and agriculture-related sectors is \$123 million, or 69% of the Gross Regional Product.

Top Ten Sectors by Output

The table below shows Hamilton County’s top ten sectors by output, including direct, indirect and induced effects. The *beef cattle ranching and farming, including feedlots and dual-purpose ranching and farming* sector is the top contributor in output to the Hamilton County economy, with \$221 million in total output.

Table 2: Top Ten Sectors by Output, Hamilton County

Sector	Total Output
Beef cattle ranching and farming, including feedlots and dual-purpose ranching and farming	\$221,250,000
Dairy cattle and milk production	\$72,635,000
Grain farming	\$26,244,000
Wholesale - Other nondurable goods merchant wholesalers	\$5,998,000
Animal production, except cattle and poultry and eggs	\$5,582,000
All other crop farming	\$5,138,000
Support activities for agriculture and forestry	\$4,667,000
Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation	\$4,268,000
Owner-occupied dwellings	\$3,085,000
Wholesale - Machinery, equipment, and supplies	\$3,085,000

Top Ten Sectors by Employment

Of the agriculture and agriculture-related sectors, *beef cattle ranching and farming, including feedlots and dual-purpose ranching and farming* supports the most jobs in the county with 277 jobs. Table 3 illustrates the top ten sectors by total employment, including direct, indirect, and induced effects in Hamilton County.

Table 3: Top Ten Sectors by Employment, Hamilton County

Sector	Total Employment
Beef cattle ranching and farming, including feedlots and dual-purpose ranching and farming	277.57
Dairy cattle and milk production	195.64
Support activities for agriculture and forestry	107.54
Wholesale - Other nondurable goods merchant wholesalers	87.69
Grain farming	87.62
All other crop farming	39.16
Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation	21.73
Other real estate	20.09
Truck transportation	17.37
Animal production, except cattle and poultry and eggs	14.41

All Direct Agriculture Sectors

Table 4 is a summary of agriculture sectors represented with output and employment levels. These values estimate the value of output and the jobs these agriculture sectors support in the Hamilton County economy. Generally, this analysis includes three categories: production, manufacturing or processing, and services. Note, the model does not include ethanol production nor wholesale and retail sales of final products.

Table 4: All Direct Agriculture Sectors, Hamilton County

Sector	Total Output	Total Employment
Beef cattle ranching and farming, including feedlots and dual-purpose ranching and farming	\$221,250,000	277.57
Dairy cattle and milk production	\$155,906,000	195.64
Grain farming	\$72,635,000	107.54
Animal production, except cattle and poultry and eggs	\$5,998,000	87.62
All other crop farming	\$5,582,000	39.16
Support activities for agriculture and forestry	\$5,138,000	14.41
Landscape and horticultural services	\$1,038,000	11.91
Other animal food manufacturing	\$977,000	2.27
Farm machinery and equipment manufacturing	\$690,000	1.66
Oilseed farming	\$470,000	0.93
Cotton farming	\$403,000	0.89
Vegetable and melon farming	\$293,000	0.67
Bread and bakery product, except frozen, manufacturing	\$100,000	0.67
Frozen cakes and other pastries manufacturing	\$61,000	0.08
Poultry and egg production	\$33,000	0.02

Methodology

Using the economic software IMPLAN, the equilibrium displacement model calculates the estimated output and employment of all 546 different economic sectors if the current economy experiences no shocks within the agriculture and agriculture-related industries. IMPLAN sectors are based on North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) codes. The results of this model are broken down into direct, indirect and induced effects, and the IMPLAN framework avoids double counting. All agriculture and agriculture-related sectors represented in this model use the most recent IMPLAN data available (2021), adjusted for 2023 dollars. For this model, key statistics are defined as follows: total employment refers to the annual average of the sum of full and part time jobs held attributed to the 72 agricultural sectors, total gross regional product is the sum of the value added of all industries across the state, and total output is the total annual value of production for an industry or area.

Notes and Glossary

These results are based on estimated production and employment numbers, along with estimated potential sector-, industry- and economy-wide effects. Therefore, these results will differ from actual events.

Due to confidentiality policies that exist within several agencies from which IMPLAN collects their data, some sectors in some regions may not have all data available.

The model provides results in relation to the agriculture and agriculture-related sectors. These results are not equal to the total effects of all 546 sectors but rather the total effects relative to agriculture.

The following terms are used throughout this report:

- *Direct effect*: the contribution from agricultural and food products
- *Indirect effect*: the contribution from farms and agricultural businesses purchasing inputs and services from supporting industries within the county
- *Induced effect*: the contribution from employees of farms, agricultural businesses, and supporting industries spending their wages on goods and services within the county
- *Value added* = labor income + indirect business taxes + other property type income
- *Gross Regional Product* = final demand of households + government expenditures + capital + exports – imports – institutional sales
- *Output* = intermediate inputs + value added
- *Employment*: full-time/part-time annual average, i.e., 1 job lasting 12 months = 2 jobs lasting 6 months each = 3 jobs lasting 4 months each (a job is neither full-time nor part-time)

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