



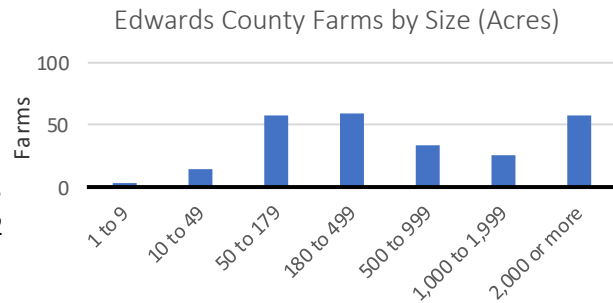
Edwards County, Kansas

2022 ECONOMIC CONTRIBUTION REPORT
AUGUST 31, 2022

Farm Statistics, Edwards County

Number of Farms: 249
 Average Farm Size: 1,574 acres
 Land in Farms: 392,025 acres
 Average Value of Products Sold Per Farm: \$918,793
 Average Net Cash Farm Income Per Farm: \$178,892

Source: [USDA 2017 Census of Agriculture](#)



Overview

The Kansas Department of Agriculture’s Economist creates annual economic contribution reports to estimate the impact of agriculture on the Kansas economy. The purpose of these reports is to provide information for stakeholders, policymakers, and the general public. In this report, the model analyzes the effects of agriculture on the Edwards County, Kansas economy. For the estimated current year (2022), 20 agriculture and agriculture-related sectors directly contribute \$262 million in output and 515 jobs to the Edwards County economy. Including indirect and induced effects, agriculture and agriculture-related sectors have a total impact of \$310 million in output, 768 jobs and 59% of the total Gross Regional Product (GRP).

Estimated Economic Contribution of Agriculture

Methodology and Glossary on final page

Results

In this model, the 20 agriculture and agriculture-related sectors have a total direct output of \$262 million and account for 515 jobs in Edwards County, as shown in the following table:

Table 1: Agriculture and Agriculture-Related Sectors’ Contribution to Edwards County Economy

Contribution Type	Employment	% Employment	Total Value Added	% of Gross Regional Product	Output
Direct Effect	515	33%	\$48,646,000	40%	\$262,453,000
Indirect Effect	134	9%	\$14,562,000	12%	\$29,870,000
Induced Effect	119	8%	\$8,611,000	7%	\$17,700,000
Total Effect	768	49%	\$71,821,000	59%	\$310,025,000

Note: Individual effects may not equal the total effect due to rounding.

The agriculture and agriculture-related sectors provide a total estimated impact of \$310 million in output. These sectors also support a total of 768 jobs, or 49% of the county’s entire workforce. Another metric used to calculate the importance of sectors in the economy is their value added as a percentage of GRP. Total value added by the 20 agriculture and agriculture-related sectors is 72 million, or 59% of the GRP.

Top Ten Sectors by Output

The table below shows Edwards County's top ten sectors by output, including direct, indirect and induced effects. The *beef cattle ranching and farming, including feedlots and dual-purpose ranching and farming* sector is the top contributor in output to the Edwards County economy, with \$96 million in total output.

Table 2: Top Ten Sectors by Output, Edwards County

Sector	Total Output
Beef cattle ranching and farming, including feedlots and dual-purpose ranching and farming	\$95,829,000
Grain farming	\$76,412,000
Animal, except poultry, slaughtering	\$36,894,000
Soybean and other oilseed processing	\$26,512,000
Oilseed farming	\$17,450,000
Wholesale - Other nondurable goods merchant wholesalers	\$15,927,000
Owner-occupied dwellings	\$4,113,000
Support activities for agriculture and forestry	\$4,031,000
Hospitals	\$3,303,000
Other real estate	\$2,825,000

Top Ten Sectors by Employment

Of the agriculture and agriculture-related sectors, *beef cattle ranching and farming, including feedlots and dual-purpose ranching and farming* supports the most jobs in the county with 199 jobs. Table 3 illustrates the top ten sectors by total employment, including direct, indirect and induced effects in Edwards County.

Table 3: Top Ten Sectors by Employment, Edwards County

Sector	Total Employment
Beef cattle ranching and farming, including feedlots and dual-purpose ranching and farming	198.70
Grain farming	114.99
Support activities for agriculture and forestry	104.01
Wholesale - Other nondurable goods merchant wholesalers	54.52
Animal, except poultry, slaughtering	51.13
All other crop farming	23.49
Other real estate	21.43
Hospitals	19.72
Warehousing and storage	13.41
Full-service restaurants	12.89

All Direct Agriculture Sectors

Table 4 is a summary of agriculture sectors represented with output and employment levels. These values estimate the value of output and the jobs these agriculture sectors support in the Edwards County economy. Generally, this analysis includes three categories: production, manufacturing or processing, and services. Note, the model does not include ethanol production or wholesale and retail sales of final products.

Table 4: All Direct Agriculture Sectors, Edwards County

Sector	Total Output	Total Employment
Beef cattle ranching and farming, including feedlots and dual-purpose ranching and farming	\$95,829,000	198.70
Grain farming	\$76,412,000	114.99
Animal, except poultry, slaughtering	\$36,894,000	51.13
Soybean and other oilseed processing	\$26,512,000	6.48
Oilseed farming	\$17,450,000	4.68
Support activities for agriculture and forestry	\$4,031,000	104.01
All other crop farming	\$2,237,000	23.49
Other animal food manufacturing	\$904,000	0.80
Poultry and egg production	\$573,000	0.41
Greenhouse, nursery, and floriculture production	\$450,000	2.35
Cotton farming	\$409,000	2.79
Landscape and horticultural services	\$261,000	2.48
Bread and bakery product, except frozen, manufacturing	\$131,000	0.94
Other snack food manufacturing	\$105,000	0.15
Frozen cakes and other pastries manufacturing	\$81,000	0.94
Roasted nuts and peanut butter manufacturing	\$69,000	0.14
Vegetable and melon farming	\$57,000	0.22
Animal production, except cattle and poultry and eggs	\$24,000	0.07
Commercial logging	\$13,000	0.14
Forestry, forest products, and timber tract production	\$10,000	0.14

Methodology

Using the economic software IMPLAN, the equilibrium displacement model calculates the estimated output and employment of all 546 different economic sectors if the current economy experiences no shocks within the agriculture and agriculture-related industries. IMPLAN sectors are based on North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) codes. The results of this model are broken down into direct, indirect and induced effects, and the IMPLAN framework avoids double counting. All agriculture and agriculture-related sectors represented in this model use the most recent IMPLAN data available (2020), adjusted for 2022 dollars.

Notes and Glossary

These results are based on estimated production and employment numbers, along with estimated potential sector-, industry- and economy-wide effects. Therefore, these results may differ from actual events.

Due to confidentiality policies that exist within several agencies from which IMPLAN collects their data, some sectors in some regions may not have all data available.

The model provides results in relation to the agriculture and agriculture-related sectors. These results are not equal to the total effects of all 546 sectors but rather the total effects relative to agriculture.

The following terms are used throughout this report:

- *Direct effect*: the contribution from agricultural and food products
- *Indirect effect*: the contribution from farms and agricultural businesses purchasing inputs from supporting industries within the county
- *Induced effect*: the contribution from employees of farms, agricultural businesses, and supporting industries spending their wages on goods and services within the county
- *Value added* = labor income + indirect business taxes + other property type income
- *Gross Regional Product* = final demand of households + government expenditures + capital + exports – imports – institutional sales
- *Output* = intermediate inputs + value added
- *Employment*: full-time/part-time annual average, i.e., 1 job lasting 12 months = 2 jobs lasting 6 months each = 3 jobs lasting 4 months each. A job is neither full-time nor part-time.

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