

**Legend**

- No data
- 0 - 40 feet
- 41 - 100 feet
- 101 - 150 feet
- 151 - 200 feet
- 201 - 250 feet
- 251 - 290 feet
- 50 Mean saturated thickness value within section
- City
- Stream
- Highway (S = State, F = Federal)
- Township boundary
- County boundary
- Western Kansas Groundwater Management District No. 1 boundary
- Predevelopment well location

**Projection:** Lambert Conformal Conic  
**Standard Parallels:** 33 0 0 and 45 0 0 degrees North  
**Central Meridian:** -98 15 0 degrees West  
**Latitude of Origin:** 36 0 0 degrees North

**Estimated Average Predevelopment Saturated Thickness of the High Plains Aquifer in Western Kansas GMD No. 1 (KGS Open-file Report 2016-19)**

KU KANSAS GEOLOGICAL SURVEY  
The University of Kansas

Scale = 1:250,000

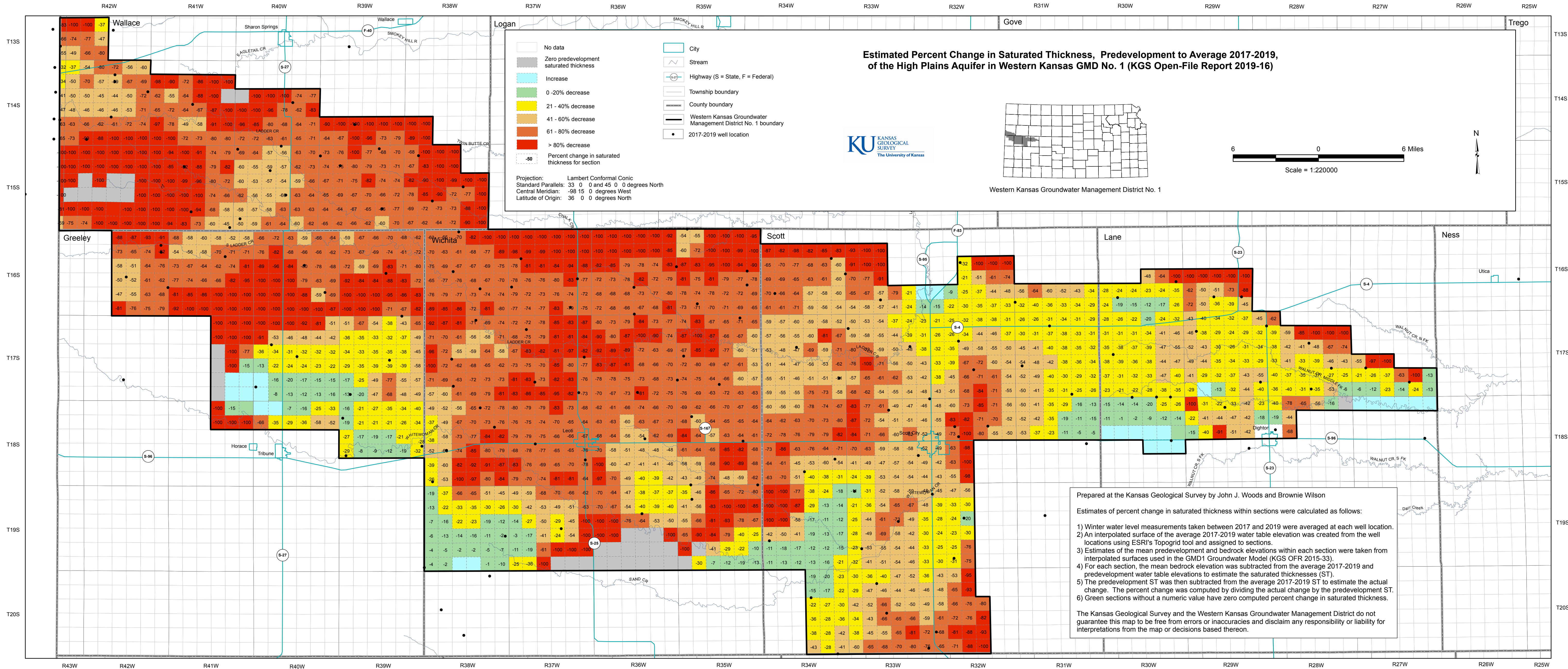
Western Kansas Groundwater Management District No. 1

Prepared at the Kansas Geological Survey by John J. Woods and Brownie Wilson

The mean saturated thickness within each section was calculated as follows:

- 1) Values of predevelopment WLE were taken from KGS published county bulletins, the Water Well Completion Database (WWCD), and the National Well Inventory System (NWIS).
- 2) An interpolated surface of the average predevelopment water table elevation was created from the well locations using ESRI's Topogrid tool and assigned to sections.
- 3) Estimates of predevelopment and bedrock elevations at each section center were taken from interpolated surfaces used in the GMD1 Groundwater Model (KGS OFR 2015-33).
- 4) For each section, the bedrock elevation was subtracted from the predevelopment water table elevation to estimate the saturated thickness.
- 5) Shaded sections without a numeric value have zero saturated thickness.

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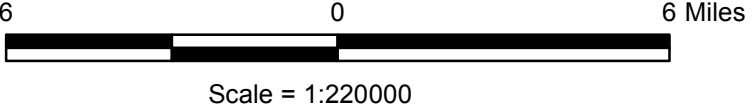
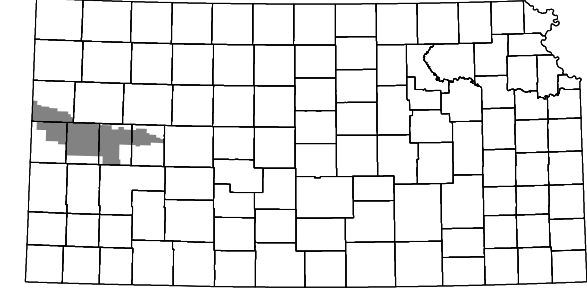


**Estimated Percent Change in Saturated Thickness, Predevelopment to Average 2017-2019, of the High Plains Aquifer in Western Kansas GMD No. 1 (KGS Open-File Report 2019-16)**

**Legend**

- No data
- Zero predevelopment saturated thickness
- Increase
- 0 -20% decrease
- 21 -40% decrease
- 41 -60% decrease
- 61 -80% decrease
- > 80% decrease
- Percent change in saturated thickness for section
- City
- Stream
- Highway (S = State, F = Federal)
- Township boundary
- County boundary
- Western Kansas Groundwater Management District No. 1 boundary
- 2017-2019 well location

Projection: Lambert Conformal Conic  
 Standard Parallels: 33 0 0 and 45 0 0 degrees North  
 Central Meridian: -98 15 0 degrees West  
 Latitude of Origin: 36 0 0 degrees North



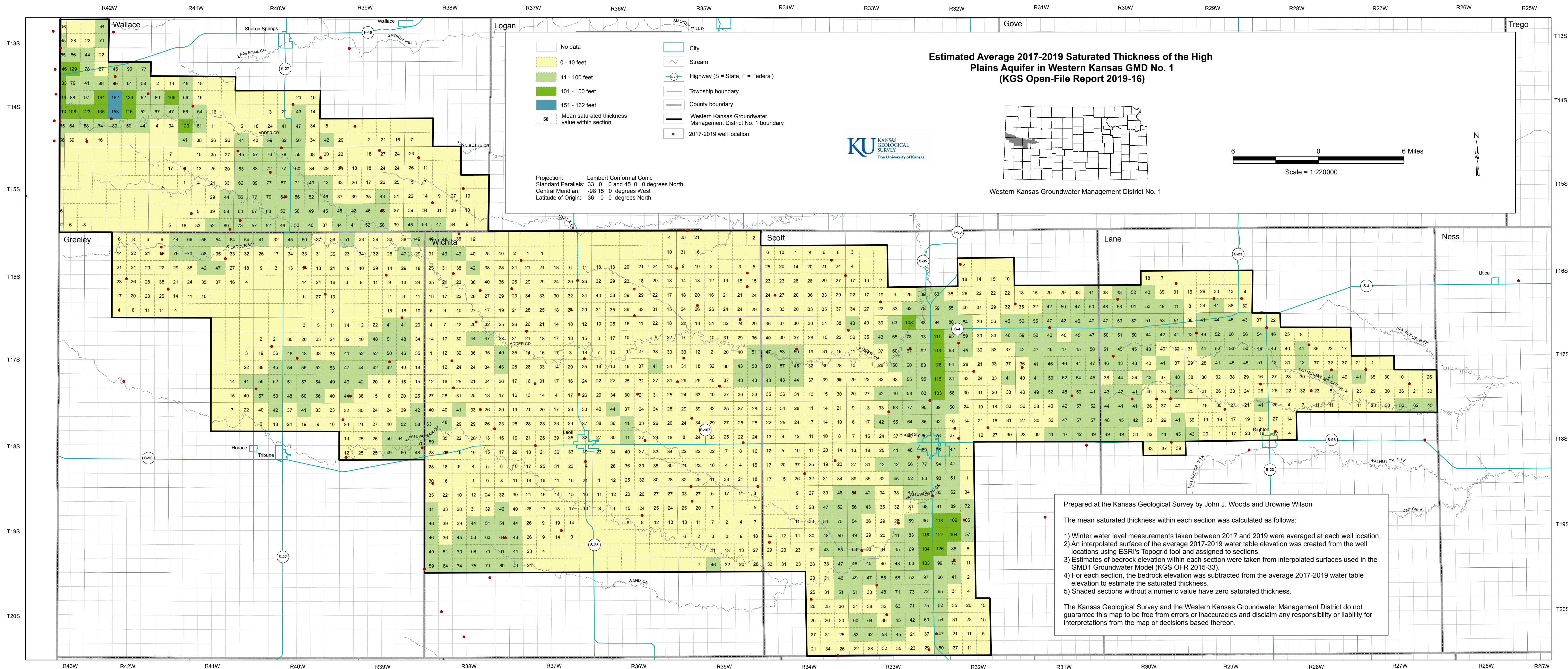
Western Kansas Groundwater Management District No. 1

Prepared at the Kansas Geological Survey by John J. Woods and Brownie Wilson

Estimates of percent change in saturated thickness within sections were calculated as follows:

- 1) Winter water level measurements taken between 2017 and 2019 were averaged at each well location.
- 2) An interpolated surface of the average 2017-2019 water table elevation was created from the well locations using ESRI's Topogrid tool and assigned to sections.
- 3) Estimates of the mean predevelopment and bedrock elevations within each section were taken from interpolated surfaces used in the GMD1 Groundwater Model (KGS OFR 2015-33).
- 4) For each section, the mean bedrock elevation was subtracted from the average 2017-2019 and predevelopment water table elevations to estimate the saturated thicknesses (ST).
- 5) The predevelopment ST was then subtracted from the average 2017-2019 ST to estimate the actual change. The percent change was computed by dividing the actual change by the predevelopment ST.
- 6) Green sections without a numeric value have zero computed percent change in saturated thickness.

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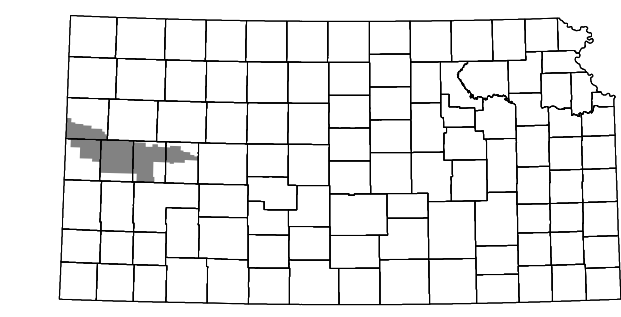


**Estimated Average 2017-2019 Saturated Thickness of the High Plains Aquifer in Western Kansas GMD No. 1 (KGS Open-File Report 2019-16)**

No data  
 0 - 40 feet  
 41 - 100 feet  
 101 - 150 feet  
 151 - 162 feet  
 50 Mean saturated thickness value within section

City  
 Stream  
 Highway (S = State, F = Federal)  
 Township boundary  
 County boundary  
 Western Kansas Groundwater Management District No. 1 boundary  
 2017-2019 well location

Projection: Lambert Conformal Conic  
 Standard Parallels: 33 0 0 and 45 0 0 degrees North  
 Central Meridian: -98 15 0 degrees West  
 Latitude of Origin: 36 0 0 degrees North



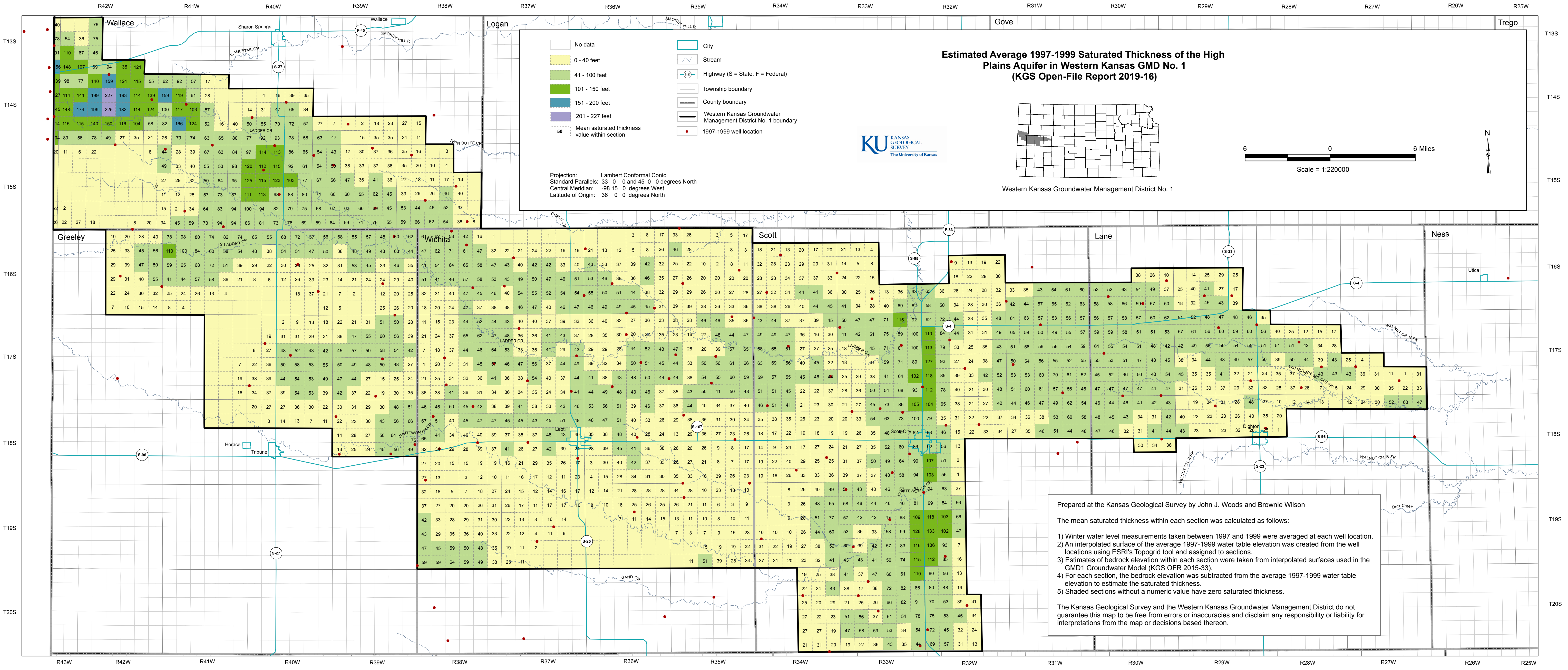
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Prepared at the Kansas Geological Survey by John J. Woods and Brownie Wilson

The mean saturated thickness within each section was calculated as follows:

- 1) Winter water level measurements taken between 2017 and 2019 were averaged at each well location.
- 2) An interpolated surface of the average 2017-2019 water table elevation was created from the well locations using ESRI's Topogrid tool and assigned to sections.
- 3) Estimates of bedrock elevation within each section were taken from interpolated surfaces used in the GMD1 Groundwater Model (KGS OFR 2015-33).
- 4) For each section, the bedrock elevation was subtracted from the average 2017-2019 water table elevation to estimate the saturated thickness.
- 5) Shaded sections without a numeric value have zero saturated thickness.

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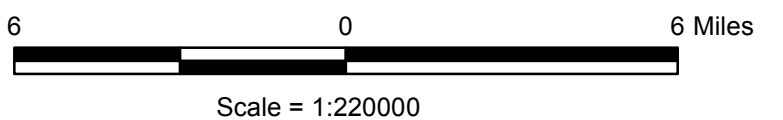
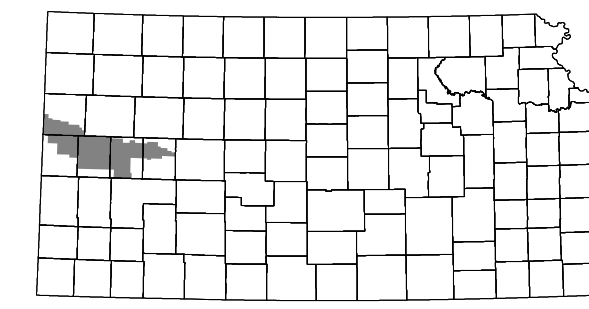


**Estimated Average 1997-1999 Saturated Thickness of the High Plains Aquifer in Western Kansas GMD No. 1 (KGS Open-File Report 2019-16)**

**Legend**

- No data
- 0 - 40 feet
- 41 - 100 feet
- 101 - 150 feet
- 151 - 200 feet
- 201 - 227 feet
- Mean saturated thickness value within section
- City
- Stream
- Highway (S = State, F = Federal)
- Township boundary
- County boundary
- Western Kansas Groundwater Management District No. 1 boundary
- 1997-1999 well location

Projection: Lambert Conformal Conic  
 Standard Parallels: 33 0 0 and 45 0 0 degrees North  
 Central Meridian: -98 15 0 degrees West  
 Latitude of Origin: 36 0 0 degrees North

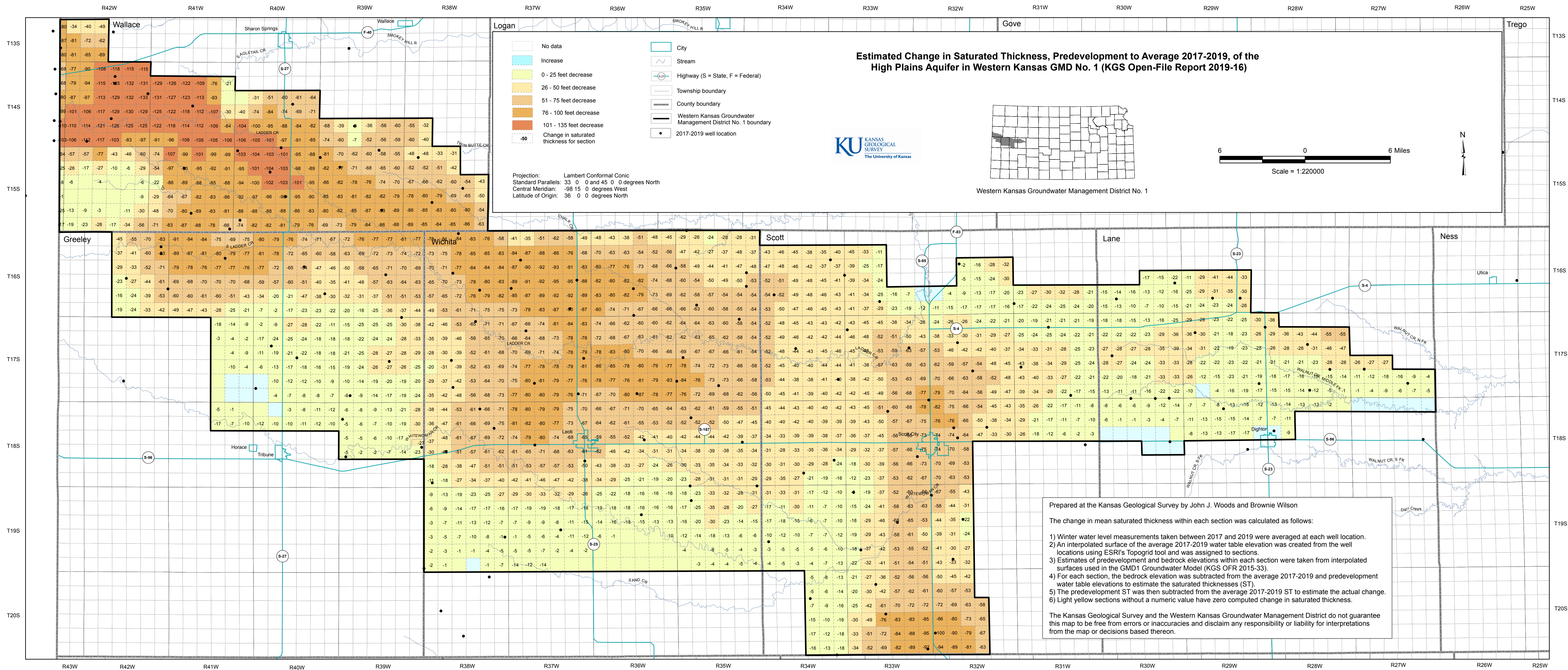


Prepared at the Kansas Geological Survey by John J. Woods and Brownie Wilson

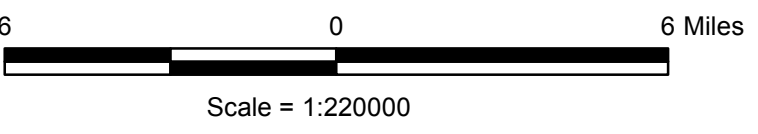
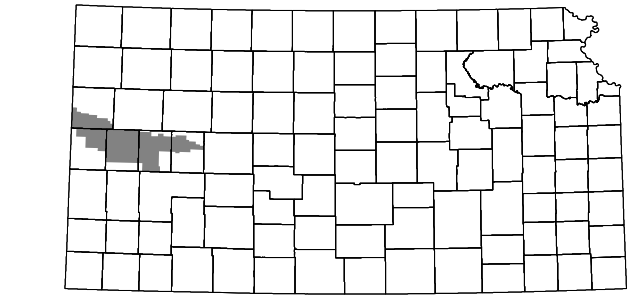
The mean saturated thickness within each section was calculated as follows:

- 1) Winter water level measurements taken between 1997 and 1999 were averaged at each well location.
- 2) An interpolated surface of the average 1997-1999 water table elevation was created from the well locations using ESRI's Topogrid tool and assigned to sections.
- 3) Estimates of bedrock elevation within each section were taken from interpolated surfaces used in the GMD1 Groundwater Model (KGS OFR 2015-33).
- 4) For each section, the bedrock elevation was subtracted from the average 1997-1999 water table elevation to estimate the saturated thickness.
- 5) Shaded sections without a numeric value have zero saturated thickness.

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**Estimated Change in Saturated Thickness, Predevelopment to Average 2017-2019, of the High Plains Aquifer in Western Kansas GMD No. 1 (KGS Open-File Report 2019-16)**



**Legend**

- No data
- Increase
- 0 - 25 feet decrease
- 26 - 50 feet decrease
- 51 - 75 feet decrease
- 76 - 100 feet decrease
- 101 - 135 feet decrease
- Change in saturated thickness for section

- City
- Stream
- Highway (S = State, F = Federal)
- Township boundary
- County boundary
- Western Kansas Groundwater Management District No. 1 boundary
- 2017-2019 well location

Projection: Lambert Conformal Conic  
 Standard Parallels: 33 0 0 and 45 0 0 degrees North  
 Central Meridian: -98 15 0 degrees West  
 Latitude of Origin: 36 0 0 degrees North

Prepared at the Kansas Geological Survey by John J. Woods and Brownie Wilson

The change in mean saturated thickness within each section was calculated as follows:

- 1) Winter water level measurements taken between 2017 and 2019 were averaged at each well location.
- 2) An interpolated surface of the average 2017-2019 water table elevation was created from the well locations using ESRI's Topogrid tool and was assigned to sections.
- 3) Estimates of predevelopment and bedrock elevations within each section were taken from interpolated surfaces used in the GMD1 Groundwater Model (KGS OFR 2015-33).
- 4) For each section, the bedrock elevation was subtracted from the average 2017-2019 and predevelopment water table elevations to estimate the saturated thicknesses (ST).
- 5) The predevelopment ST was then subtracted from the average 2017-2019 ST to estimate the actual change.
- 6) Light yellow sections without a numeric value have zero computed change in saturated thickness.

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